

GOVERNMENT OF ORISSA
LAW DEPARTMENT

**THE ORISSA AGRICULTURAL PRODUCE
MARKETS ACT, 1956**

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SCHEDULE

ORISSA ACT 3 OF 1957

**THE ORISSA AGRICULTURAL PRODUCE
MARKETS ACT, 1956**

[*Received the assent of the President on the
22nd January 1957, first published in an
extraordinary issue of the Orissa
Gazette, dated the 8th February
1957*]

AN ACT TO PROVIDE FOR THE BETTER REGULATION OF
BUYING AND SELLING OF AGRICULTURAL PRODUCE
AND THE ESTABLISHMENT OF MARKETS FOR AGRI-
CULTURAL PRODUCE IN THE STATE OF ORISSA

WHEREAS it is expedient to provide for the better regulation of buying and selling of agricultural produce in the State of Orissa and establishment of markets for agricultural produce ;

It is hereby enacted by the Legislature of the State of Orissa in the Seventh Year of the Republic of India as follows :—

CHAPTER I

PRELIMINARY

Short title,
extent and
commence-
ment.

* 1. (1) This Act may be called the Orissa Agricultural Produce Markets Act, 1956.

(2) It extends to the whole of the State of Orissa.

(3) It shall come into force at once.

* 1. For statement of objects and reasons see *Orissa Gazette* extraordinary dated the 21st March 1956.

2. For Select Committee Report see *Orissa Gazette* extraordinary, dated the 18th August, 1956.

Definitions

2. (1) In this Act, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context :—

- (i) "Agricultural produce" includes all produce of agriculture, horticulture, pisciculture and animal husbandry specified in the Schedule ;
- (ii) "Agriculturist" means a person who ordinarily by himself or who by his tenants or hired labour or otherwise is engaged in the production or growth of agricultural produce, but does not include a dealer or broker in agricultural produce although such dealer or broker may also be engaged in the production or growth of agricultural produce ;
- (iii) "bye-laws" means bye-laws made under section 28 ;
- (iv) "Director" means the Director of Markets for the State of Orissa ;
- (v) "licensed *adatyas* and traders" means the *adatyas* and the traders who hold licences issued by a Market Committee under section 12 ;
- (vi) "market" means a market established for the purpose of this Act ;
- (vii) "market area" means any area declared to be a market area under section 4 ;
- (viii) "Market Committee" means a committee established under section 5 ;
- (ix) "market yard" means any enclosure, building or locality in any market area declared as such by the State Government by notification ;
- (x) "Municipality" includes a Notified Area Council ;
- (xi) "prescribed" means prescribed by rules made under this Act ; and
- (xii) "retail sale" means a sale of any agricultural produce not exceeding such quantity as a Market Committee may, by bye-laws made under section 28, determine to be a retail sale in respect of such agricultural produce.

(2) If a question arises whether any person is or is not an agriculturist for the purpose of this Act, the decision of the State Government on such question shall be final.

CHAPTER II

CONSTITUTION OF MARKETS AND MARKET
COMMITTEE

Notification
of intention
of exercising
control over
purchase
and sale of
agricultural
produce.

3. (1) The State Government may by notification declare its intention of regulating the purchase and sale of such agricultural produce and in such area, as may be specified in the notification. Such notification may also be published in the regional language of the area in a newspaper circulated in the said area or in such other manner as the State Government may deem fit.

(2) Any objection or suggestion which may be received by the State Government within a period of not less than one month to be specified in the said notification may be considered by the State Government.

Declaration
of market
area.

4. (1) After expiry of the period specified in the notification issued under section 3 and after considering such objections and suggestions as may be received before such expiry and after holding such inquiry as may be necessary, the State Government may, by notification, declare the area specified in the notification under section 3 or any portion thereof, to be a market area for the purpose of this Act in respect of all or any of the kinds of agricultural produce specified in the said notification. A notification under this section may also be published in the regional language of the area in a newspaper circulated in the said area or may be published in such other manner as the State Government may deem fit.

(2) For the removal of doubts, it is hereby declared that a notification published in the Gazette under section 3 or under sub-section (1) shall have full force and effect notwithstanding any omission to further publish the same in any other manner, or any irregularity or defect in such further publication in pursuance of section 3 or sub-section (1) as the case may be.

(3) On and from the date of the notification issued under sub-section (1) or such later date as may be specified therein, no Local authority notwithstanding anything contained in any other law for the time being in force and no other person shall, within the market area or within a distance thereof to be notified in the Gazette in this behalf in each case by the State Government, set up, establish or continue or allow to be set up,

established or continued any place for the purpose of sale of any agricultural produce so notified, except under a licence granted by the State Government and except in accordance with the provisions of this Act, rules and bye-laws and the conditions specified in the licence.

Explanation—A Local authority or any other person shall not be deemed to set up, establish or continue or to have allowed to be set up, established or continued a place as a place for the purchase and sale of agricultural produce within the meaning of this section, if the seller is himself the producer of the agricultural produce offered for sale at such place or any persons employed by such producer to transport the same and the buyer is a person who purchases such produce for his own private use or of the agricultural produce is sold by a retail sale to a person who purchases such produce for his own private use.

(4) The State Government may, on the report of the Director, the Collector, the Market Committee or an officer appointed by the State Government in this behalf, after such inquiry as they deem fit and after giving the licensee an opportunity to be heard, may, for reasons to be recorded in writing, suspend or cancel any licence granted under sub-section (3). The order of the State Government in this behalf shall be final.

(5) Subject to the provisions of section 3, the State Government may at any time by notification exclude from a market area any area comprised therein or any agricultural produce in relation to such market area or include in any market area any area or any agricultural produce included in a notification issued under section 3.

(6) A licence referred to in sub-section (3) may be refused to a person—

- (i) whose licence was cancelled and three years have not elapsed since the date of the cancellation ;
- (ii) who has been convicted for an offence or whose antecedents and conduct are such as in the opinion of the State Government affect the said person's integrity as a man of business ;
- (iii) who is an undischarged insolvent or whose operations in the market area in the opinion of the State Government are not

likely to further efficient working of the market under the control of the Market Committee ;

- (iv) in regard to whom the State Government are satisfied after such enquiry as it considers adequate, that such person is a *benamidar* for, or a partner with any other person to whom a licence may be refused under clause (i), (ii) or (iii).

Establishment of Market Committee.

5. The State Government shall establish a Market Committee for every market area in respect of the agricultural produce for which the said area is declared to be a market area under section 4. It shall be the duty of the Market Committee to enforce the provisions of this Act, and the rules and bye-laws made thereunder and the conditions of the licence granted under sub-section (3) of section 4 in such market area and within such distance thereof as may be specified in the notification under sub-section (1) of section 4 and, when so required by the State Government, to establish a market therein providing for such facilities as the State Government may from time to time direct in connection with the purchase and sale of the agricultural produce concerned.

Constitution of Market Committee.

6. (1) Every Market Committee shall be constituted in the manner prescribed and shall consist of fifteen members. Of these

- (i) four shall be persons elected by the licensed *adatyas* and the traders from among themselves ;
- (ii) seven shall be persons elected by organization of agriculturists in the market area recognised by the State Government for the purpose and where no such organization exists, they shall be nominated by the Collector of the district ;
- (iii) one shall be a person elected—
- (a) by the councillors of a Municipality from among themselves, in case the market area is wholly within the limits of such Municipality ;
- (b) by the members of a Grama Panchayat from among themselves, in case the market area is wholly within the limits of the said Grama Panchayat ; or
- (c) by the members of any other Local authority, if any, from among themselves in case the market area is wholly within the limit of such Local authority :

Provided that if the market area is within the limits of more than one Local authority, the members shall be elected by the Local authorities concerned in the prescribed manner :

Provided further that a person to whom a licence has been granted under sub-section (3) of section 4 shall not be eligible for being elected under this clause.

(iv) the remaining members shall be persons nominated by the State Government of whom one shall be a person from amongst the members of the Local Co-operative Organisations and the Collector of the district or such other Revenue Officer as the State Government may deem proper, to nominate.

(2) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-section (1)—

(a) on the failure of the licensed *adatyas* and the traders, any organization or authority to elect a member under sub-section (1) within a period of three months from the date of the occurrence of the vacancy, the State Government shall give notice in writing to the said licensed *adatyas* and the traders, any organization or authority concerned to elect a member within a month from the date of such notice and on the failure of the said licensed *adatyas* and the traders, any organization or authority again to elect a member within the said period, the State Government shall nominate a person on behalf of such licensed *adatyas* and the traders, any organization or authority as a member of the Market Committee ; and

(b) when a Market Committee is constituted for the first time, all the members of the Market Committee shall be persons nominated by the State Government:

(3) Every member of a Market Committee first constituted shall hold office for a term of two years from the date of the first general meeting of the Market Committee and every member elected or nominated thereafter shall hold office for a term of three years :

Provided that notwithstanding the expiry of his term of office every member of the Committee shall continue to hold office until the date of the general meeting of the Committee next following the date of such expiry.

(4) A member elected under sub-section (1) shall cease to hold office as such member if he ceases to be a member of the electorate by which or one of the persons by whom he was elected, and in the case of a member elected under clause (iii) of the said sub-section, if he is granted a licence under sub-section (3) of section 4.

(5) If at any time a vacancy occurs through the non-acceptance of office by a person elected or nominated or through the death, disqualification or resignation of a member or in the event of his ceasing to be a member before the expiry of his term of office, the vacancy shall be filled up by the election or nomination, as the case may be, of a person thereto in the manner specified above. Every such person shall hold office so long only as the member in whose place he is elected or nominated, would have held it if the vacancy had not occurred.

(6) There shall be a Chairman and a Vice-Chairman for every Market Committee, who shall be nominated by the State Government.

(7) No act done by a Market Committee shall be questioned on the ground merely of the existence of any vacancy in, or any defect in the constitution of the Committee.

CHAPTER III

INCORPORATION OF MARKET COMMITTEE ; ITS POWERS AND DUTIES

Incorporation of Market Committee.

7. Every Market Committee shall be a body corporate by such name as the State Government may, by notification specify. It shall have perpetual succession and common seal, may sue and be sued in its corporate name and shall be competent to acquire and hold, lease, sell or otherwise transfer any property and to contract and to do all other things necessary for the purposes for which it is established.

Appointment of Sub-committee or Joint Committee.

8. A Market Committee may, subject to the provisions of this Act and the rules made thereunder by itself or conjointly and in co-operation with any other Market Committee appoint one or more of its members to be a Sub-committee or to be a Joint Committee for the conduct of any work or to report on any matter as it may think fit.

Employment of staff.

9. (1) The Market Committee may employ such officers and employees as may be necessary for the management of the market and may pay such officers and employees such salaries as the Market Committee thinks fit.

(2) The Market Committee shall, in the case of any officer or employee of Government whom it employs, make such contributions towards his pension, gratuity and leave allowances as may be required by the conditions of his service to be paid by him or on his behalf.

Execution of
Contract.

10. (1) Every contract entered into by a Market Committee shall be in writing and shall be executed on behalf of the Market Committee by its Chairman, and two other members of the Committee.

(2) No contract other than a contract executed as provided in sub-section (1) shall be binding on a Market Committee.

Levy of
fees.

11. The Market Committee may, subject to the prescribed maxima and to the provisions of this Act and rules made thereunder and notwithstanding anything contained in the Orissa Sales Tax Act, 1947 or any other law for the time being in force, levy and collect fees from persons at such rates as it may determine on any agricultural produce sold or brought for the purposes of sale or for storage in the market yard.

Orissa Act
XIV of 1947

Explanation—Any agricultural produce leaving any market yard or brought there shall, unless the contrary is proved, be presumed to have been brought within such yard for the aforesaid purposes.

Powers to
issue licences
to brokers,
weighmen,
etc.

12. (1) Subject to the provisions of this Act and the rules made thereunder, the Market Committee shall issue licences to traders, *adatyas*, brokers, weighmen, measurers, surveyors and warehousemen for carrying on their occupation as such in the market yard and may renew, suspend or cancel such licences.

(2) No trader, *adatya*, broker, weighman, measurer, surveyor or warehouseman shall unless duly authorised by a licence issued under sub-section (1) carry on his occupation as such in the market yard.

Decision of
certain dis-
putes under
the Orissa
Weights and
Measures
Act, 1943.

13. (1) Notwithstanding anything contained in the Orissa Weights and Measures Act, 1943, if any difference arises between an Inspector appointed under section 15 of the said Act and any person interested as to the meaning or construction of any rule or as to the method of verifying, adjusting or stamping any weight or measure or weighing or measuring

Orissa Act
VII of 1943.

instrument in any market area, such difference may at the request of the party interested or by the Inspector of his own accord, be referred to the Market Committee and the decision of the Market Committee shall, subject to the provisions of sub-section (2) be final and shall be deemed to have been given under section 22 of the Orissa Weights and Measures Act, 1943.

Orissa Act
VII of 1943

(2) An appeal shall lie within the time prescribed from the decision under sub-section (1) to the State Government or such officer as the State Government may appoint in this behalf. The decision of the State Government or such officer shall be final.

Power to
borrow.

14. (1) A Market Committee may, with the previous sanction of the State Government, raise money required for carrying out the purposes for which it is established on the security of any property vested in it and of any fees leviable by it under this Act.

(2) The Market Committee may, for the purpose of meeting the initial expenditure on lands, buildings and equipment required for establishing a market, obtain a loan from the State Government.

(3) The condition subject to which such money or loan shall be raised or obtained and the time within which the same shall be repayable, shall be subject to the previous sanction of the State Government.

Market
Committee
Fund.

15. (1) All moneys received by a Market Committee shall be paid into a fund to be called "The Market Committee Fund" and all expenditure incurred by a Market Committee under or for the purposes of this Act shall be defrayed out of the said fund. Any surplus remaining with the Market Committee after such expenditure has been met shall be invested as may be prescribed in this behalf.

(2) Every Market Committee shall pay to the State Government the cost of any additional or special staff employed by the State Government in consultation with such Market Committee for giving effect to the provisions of this Act in the market area for which such Market Committee is established.

(3) The State Government shall determine the cost of such additional or special staff and shall, when their staff is employed for the purposes of

more than one Market Committee, apportion such cost among the Committees concerned in such manner as they think fit. The decision of the State Government determining the amount payable by any Market Committee shall be final.

Expenditure
from the
market
Committee
Fund.

16. Subject to the provision of section 15, the Market Committee Fund shall be expended for the following purposes, namely :—

- (1) the acquisition of sites for the market
- (2) the maintenance and improvement of the market ;
- (3) the construction and repair of buildings necessary for the purposes of the Act and for the health, convenience and safety of the persons using the market ;
- (4) the provision and maintenance of standard weights and measures ;
- (5) the pay, pension, leave allowance, gratuity compensation for injury resulting from accident, compassionate allowance and contribution towards leave allowance, pension or provident fund of the officer, and staff employed by it ;
- (6) the expenses of and incidental to elections ;
- (7) the payment of interest on the loan that may be raised for the purposes of the market and the provisions of sinking fund in respect of such loan ;
- (8) the collection and dissemination of information regarding matters relating to crop statistics and marketing in respect of the agricultural produce notified under section 4 :
- (9) payment of the cost referred to in subsections (2) and (3) of section 14 ;
- (10) propaganda in favour of agricultural improvement ; and
- (11) such other expenses that may be necessary for carrying out the purposes of the Act.

Acquisition
of land.

17. When any land is required for the purposes of this Act, the State Government may, on the request of the Market Committee, proceed to acquire it under the provisions of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, or any other law for the time being in force, and on payment by the Market Committee, of the compensation awarded under the said Act or other law, as the case may be, and of all other charges incurred by the State Government on account of such acquisition, the land shall vest in the Market Committee.

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CHAPTER IV

TRADE ALLOWANCES

No trade
allowance
permissible
except as
prescribed.

18. No person shall make or recover any trade allowance, other than an allowance prescribed by rules or bye-laws made under this Act, in any market area in any transaction in respect of the agricultural produce concerned and no Civil Court shall, in any suit or proceeding arising out of any such transaction have regard to or recognise any trade allowance not so prescribed.

Explanation—Every deduction other than a deduction on account of deviation from sample when the purchase is made by sample or on account of deviation from standard when the purchase is made by reference to a known standard or on account of difference between the actual weight of the container and the standard weight or on account of the admixture of foreign matter, shall be regarded as a trade allowance for the purpose of this section.

CHAPTER V

MISCELLANEOUS

Liability of
member of
Market
Committee
to removal
from office.

19. (1) The State Government may, if they think fit, on the recommendation of a Market Committee supported by two-thirds of its total number of members, remove any member of such Committee elected or nominated under this Act, if such member has, in the opinion of the State Government, been guilty of neglect or misconduct in the discharge of his duties or of any disgraceful conduct or has become incapable of performing his duties as a member :

Provided that no resolution recommending the removal of any member shall be passed by the Market Committee unless the member to whom it relates, has been given a reasonable opportunity of showing cause why such recommendation should not be made.

(2) The decision of the State Government under sub-section (1) shall be final.

Supersession
of Market
Committee.

20. (1) If in the opinion of the State Government a Market Committee is not competent to perform or persistently makes default in performing the duties imposed upon it by or under this Act, or abuses its powers, the State Government may, by notification supersede such Market Committee :

Provided that before issuing a notification under this sub-section, the State Government shall give a reasonable opportunity to the Market Committee for showing cause why it should not be superseded and shall consider the explanation and objection, if any, of the Market Committee.

(2) Upon the publication of notification under sub-section (1) superseding a Market Committee the following consequences shall ensue—

- (i) all the members as well as the Chairman of the Market Committee shall as from the date of such publication, be deemed to have vacated their offices ;
- (ii) the State Government may, at their discretion by order, either constitute a new Market Committee under section 6 or make such arrangements for the carrying out of the functions of the Market Committee, as they may think fit ; and
- (iii) all the assets vesting in the Market Committee shall, subject to all its liabilities vest in the State Government for purposes of the Act.

Penalty

21. Whoever—

(a) in contravention of section 4 establishes a market within the market area shall on conviction, be punishable with imprisonment which may extend to one month or with fine which may extend to five hundred rupees or with both and in the case of a continuing contravention, with a further fine which may extend to one hundred rupees for every day during which the contravention is continued after first conviction ;

(b) carries on occupation in a market area without obtaining a licence shall on conviction, be punishable with imprisonment which may extend to one month or with fine which may extend to five hundred rupees or with both, and in the case of a continuing contravention with a further fine which may extend to twenty-five rupees for every day during which the contravention is continued after the first conviction ; and

(c) makes or recovers any trade allowance other than an allowance prescribed by rules, or bye-laws made under this Act, shall on conviction be punishable with imprisonment which may extend to fifteen days or with fine which may extend to two hundred rupees or with both.

Trial of offences.

22. (1) No offence under this Act, or any rule or bye-laws made thereunder, shall be tried by a Court other than that of a Magistrate of the First class or Magistrate of the Second class specially empowered in this behalf.

(2) Prosecution under this Act, or any rule of bye-laws made thereunder, may be instituted by any person duly authorised in writing by the Market Committee, in this behalf.

Bar of suit without notice.

23. (1) No suit shall be instituted against any Market Committee or any member, officer or employee thereof or any person acting under the direction of any such Market Committee, member, officer or employee for anything done or purporting to be done, in good faith as such member, officer or employee under this Act, or any rule or bye-law made thereunder until the expiration of two months next after notice in writing, stating the cause of

action, the name and place of abode or the intending plaintiff and the relief which he claims, has been in the case of Market Committee, delivered or left, at its office, and in the case of any such member, officer, employee or person as aforesaid, delivered to him or left at his office or usual place of abode, and the plaint shall contain a statement that such notice has been so delivered or left.

(2) Every such suit shall be dismissed unless it is instituted within six months from the date of the accrual of the alleged cause of action.

(3) Nothing in this section shall be deemed to apply to any suit instituted under section 54 of the Specific Relief Act, 1877.

I of 1877

Recovery of sums due to State Government from Market Committee.

24. Every sum due from a Market Committee to the State Government shall be recoverable as an arrear of land revenue.

Power of State Government to call for proceeding of Market Committee and to pass orders thereon.

25. The State Government may at any time call for and examine the proceedings of any Market Committee for the purpose of satisfying itself as to the legality or propriety of any decision or order passed by the Committee. If from the record of such proceedings it appears to the State Government that any such decision or order should be modified, annulled or reversed, the State Government may pass such orders thereon as they deem fit.

Amendment of Schedule.

26. The State Government may, by notification add to, amend or cancel any of the items of agricultural produce specified in the Schedule.

Power to make rules.

*27. (1) The State Government may, either generally or specially for any market area or market areas, make rules for the purposes of giving effect to the provisions of this Act.

(2) In particular and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing power, such rules may provide for all or any of the following matters—

(a) the election and nomination of member of the Market Committee, the manner of election, the preparation and revision of lists of voters from time to time and the payment of all expenditure in connection with or incidental to such election ;

* For rules see Orissa Gazette Extraordinary dated the 30th May 1958

(b) the powers to be exercised and the duties to be performed by the Market Committee and its Chairman ;

(c) the term of office of the Chairman and the Vice-Chairman of the Market Committee ;

(d) the filling of casual vacancies in the office of the Chairman, Vice-Chairman or member of the Market Committee ;

(e) the management of the market, maximum fees which may be levied by the Market Committee in respect of agricultural produce in pursuance of section 11 ;

(f) the issue of licence to brokers, weighmen, measurers, surveyors ware housemen, *adatyas* and other persons operating in the market the form in which, and the conditions subject to which such licence shall be issued or renewed and the fees to be charged therefor and the cancellation of such licence ;

(g) the procedure, manner and the authority to which appeal shall lie against orders passed by the Market Committee under sub-section(1) of section 12 ;

(h) the kind and description of the weights and measures and the weighing and measuring instruments which alone shall be used in transactions in agricultural produce in a market area ;

(i) the periodical inspection of all weights and measures and weighing and measuring instruments in use in a market area ;

(j) the manner of control and supervision to be exercised by the Market Committee over Inspectors appointed under section 15 of the Orissa Weights and Measures Act, 1943 ;

Orissa Act
VII of 1943

(k) the time within which an appeal shall lie to the State Government or the officer appointed by them in that behalf under sub-section (2) of section 13 ;

(l) the trade allowance which may be made or received by any person in any transaction in the agricultural produce in a market ;

(m) the provision of facilities for the settlement of any dispute between a buyer and seller of agricultural produce or their agents including disputes regarding the quality or weight of the article, the allowance for wrapping, containers, dirt or impurities or deductions from any cause ;

(n) the prohibition of brokers from acting in any particular transaction on behalf of both the buyer and seller of agricultural produce or as a buyer or seller ;

(o) the provision of accommodation for storing any agricultural produce brought into the market ;

(p) the preparation of plans and estimates for works proposed to be constructed partly or wholly at the expense of the Market Committee, and the grant of sanction to such plans and estimates ;

(q) the form in which the account of a Market Committee shall be kept, the audit and publication of such accounts, the charges, if any to be made for such audit and the inspection of audit memoranda of the accounts and supply of copies of such memoranda ;

(r) the preparation and submission for sanction of the annual budget and the report and returns to be furnished by Market Committee ;

(s) the investment and disposal of the surplus funds of a Market Committee ;

(t) the regulation of advances, if any, given to agriculturists by brokers, commission agents or traders ;

(u) the prevention of adulteration of the agricultural produce ;

(v) the grading and standardisation of the agricultural produce ;

(w) the keeping of a list of prices of agricultural produce in respect of which the market is established ;

(x) the manner in which auction of agricultural produce shall be conducted and bids made and accepted in any market ;

(y) the recovery and disposal of fees leviable by or under the Act ; and

(z) the manner of publication of notification under the provision of this Act and all matters relating to such publication.

(3) Any rule made under this Act may provide that any contravention thereof or of any of the conditions of any licence issued or renewed thereunder shall, on conviction, be punishable with fine which may extend to two hundred rupees.

(4) The power to make rules conferred by this section is subject to the conditions of the rules being made after previous publication.

(5) All rules made under this section shall be published in the Gazette, and shall, unless some later date is appointed, come into force on the date of such publication.

(6) All rules made under this section shall be laid as soon as possible after they are made before the Orissa Legislative Assembly for a total period of fourteen days, which may comprise in one session or in two or more sessions and shall be subject to such modifications as the said Assembly may make during the said period.

Power to
make bye-
laws.

28. (1) Subject to any rules made under this Act and with the previous sanction of the Director or any other officer specially empowered in this behalf by the State Government, the Market Committee may in respect of the market area under its management, make bye-laws for the regulation of business and the conditions of trading therein.

(2) Any bye-laws made under this section may provide that any contravention thereof shall, on conviction, be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees.

Delegation
of powers
by the
State
Government.

29. The State Government may delegate to any of their officers any of the powers conferred on them by or under this Act.

Repeal

30. The Madras Commercial Crops Markets Act, Madras Act
1933, is hereby repealed. XX of 1933

SCHEDULE

[See section 2 (1) (i)]

I. Fibres—

- (1) Cotton (Ginned and unginned)
- (2) Sun-hemp
- (3) Jute

II. Cereals—

- (1) Wheat
- (2) Paddy (Husked and unhusked)
- (3) Jowar
- (4) Bajra
- (5) Maize
- (6) Ragi (Mandia)
- (7) Suan

III. Pulses—

- (1) Harad (Red gram)
- (2) Biri (Black gram)
- (3) Mung (Green gram)
- (4) Kolthi (Horse gram)
- (5) Buta (Bengal gram)
- (6) Chana
- (7) Khesari
- (8) Jhudang
- (9) Kandula (Hill gram)

IV. Oilseeds—

- (1) Groundnut (Shelled and unshelled)
- (2) Linseed
- (3) Sessamum

- (4) Niger (Tila)
- (5) Mustard
- (6) Cocoanut
- (7) Cotton seed
- (8) Castor seed

V. Narcotics—

Tobacco

VI. Gur and Sugarcane

VII. Fruits—

- (1) Mango
- (2) Orange
- (3) Lemon
- (4) Banana
- (5) Sapota
- (6) Melon
- (7) Jack fruits
- (8) Papaya
- (9) Tamarind

VIII. Vegetables—

- (1) Potato
- (2) Onion
- (3) Tomato
- (4) Saru
- (5) Leafy and fresh vegetables
- (6) Sweet potatoes

IX. Animal Husbandry Products--

- (1) Eggs
- (2) Poultry
- (3) Cattle
- (4) Sheep
- (5) Goat

X. Fish**XI. Condiments, spices and others**

- (1) Turmeric
- (2) Ginger
- (3) Garlic
- (4) Corriander
- (5) Chillies
- (6) Betel leaves
- (7) Cashewnuts

XII. Grass and Fodder